

EnSight Lite Limitations

EnSight Lite is a very capable visualization and post processing tool. But as the name suggests, it is a less capable product than standard EnSight on which it is based. This document lists the limitations of Lite as compared to the standard release. See also www.ensight.com/product-comparison-chart.html for a comparison table on all of the EnSight configurations.

32 bit only

Lite is a 32 bit only release and runs only on Linux, Windows, and Mac. The standard release supports both 32 and 64 bit and is available for practically all unix flavors.

Standalone only

The standard release supports a client/server mode to access datasets on remote machines and to take advantage of remote compute resources. The Lite version does not have this capability.

License

Lite is node locked to a particular machine. Standard EnSight allows floating license tokens in order to share a license among multiple machines.

Boundary Layer Variables

Standard EnSight can compute a number of boundary layer variables such as boundary layer thickness, displacement thickness, momentum thickness, etc. in a single calculation taking advantage of the velocity gradient tensor. EnSight Lite can still compute these variables but must do so through the calculator one at a time. See User Manual, [Section 7.18, Boundary Layer Variables Create/Update](#)

Particle Traces

The following particle trace features are available in the standard release (see User Manual, [Section 7.11, Particle Trace Create/Update](#)) but not in Lite:

Pathlines - the ability to integrate the path of a particle in a transient flow field

Massed Particles - the ability to integrate a particle path taking into account drag, gravity, buoyancy, and pressure effects

Rebound - the ability for a massed particle to “bounce” off of surfaces given a coefficient of restitution and friction

Surface restricted - the ability to create particle traces that simulate “oil flows” on a surface

Frame Mode

Standard EnSight has the ability to create new coordinate frames. Parts can then be assigned to the frames and transformed (such as “exploded views”). This allows parts to be transformed relative to one another as well as the ability to specify actions in terms of the modified frame coordinate system. EnSight Lite does not have this ability. See User Manual, [Section 8.5, Frame Mode](#)

Cases

Standard EnSight has the ability to read multiple datasets and merge them during the visualization process. The variables can be mapped from one case to another to compute differences. EnSight Lite is limited to viewing a single dataset at a time. See User Manual, [Section 6.6, Case Menu Functions](#)

Detail Editors

Standard EnSight incorporates a user interface with detail editors with further attributes not normally exposed at the top level of the user interface. EnSight Lite does not have access to these dialogs. Some (but not all) limitations in Lite due to this are (a) can't compute isovolumes, (b) can't compute certain clips of a clip, (c) can't "swap" parent parts, (d) can't "freeze" a part on a particular time step, (e) can't "shrink" the elements of a part. The command language continues to work for these attributes so if you have a command file or are clever enough to write these command from the command dialog you still have access to these features.

Keyframe Animation

Standard EnSight incorporates a fairly sophisticated keyframe animation capability to allow the user to create animations with prescribed transformations and transient timeline control. This feature is not available in EnSight Lite. See User Manual, [Section 7.3, Keyframe Animation](#)

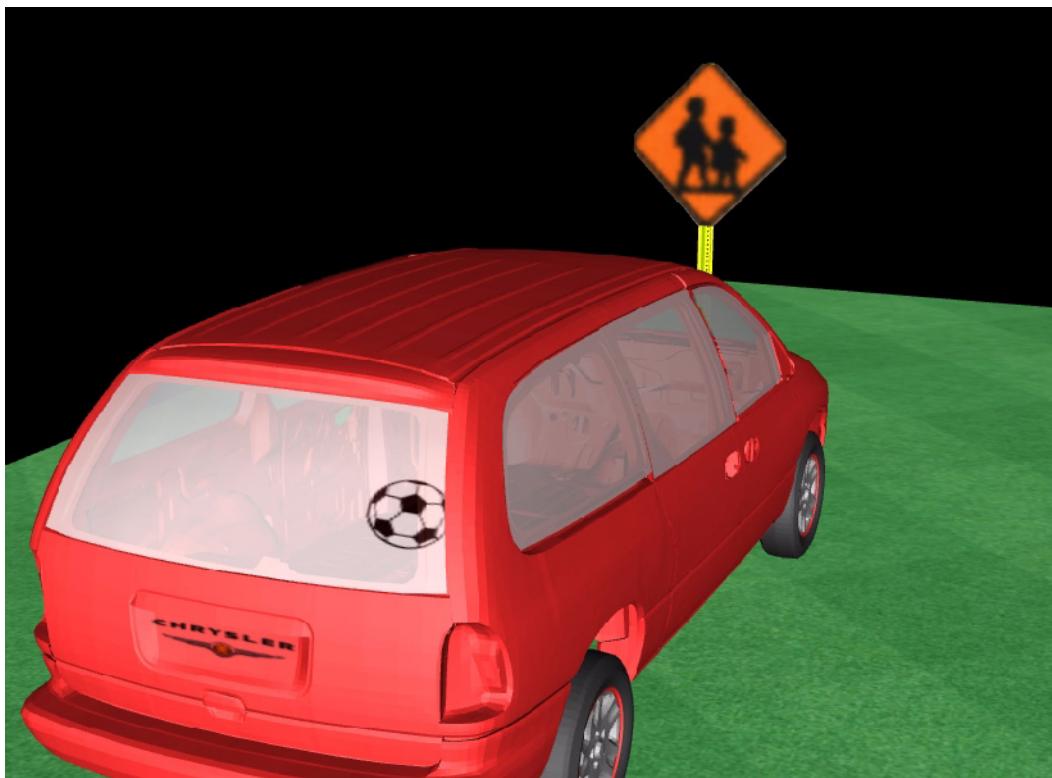
Context Files

Context files allow you to set up a "template" to duplicate the same visualizations on a number of different datasets. EnSight Lite does not have this ability but can use EnSight command files to do similar. See User Manual, Section 6.1 [Context](#)

Archive Files

Archive files allow the user to set a "checkpoint" and restart from this point at a later time in a very efficient manner. EnSight Lite does not have this ability but can use EnSight command files to do similar but with significantly lower performance. See User Manual, Section 6.1 [Archive](#)

Textures



Standard EnSight has the ability to shade an object according to a 2D texture in order to add realism or point of reference to a part. EnSight Lite does not have texture map capability. See [How To Map Textures](#).

Threads

EnSight standard can use multiple threads to take advantage of multi-core or multi-cpu architectures. EnSight Lite is limited to a single thread.

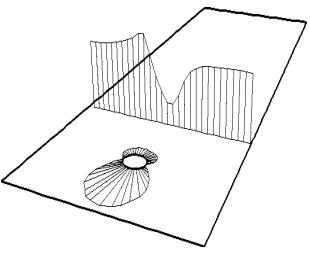
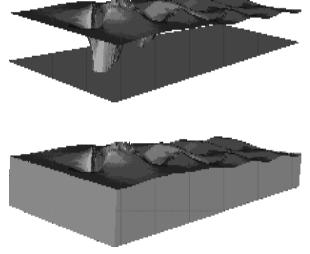
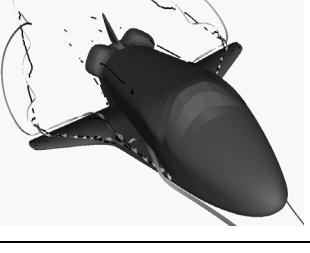
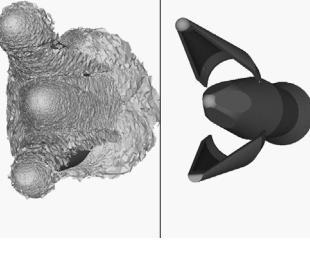
Collaboration

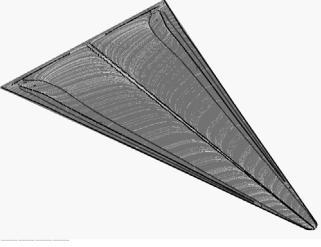
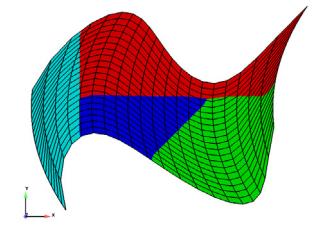
EnSight standard (with sufficient tokens) can set up a session with multiple users to view a dataset in a collaborative environment with pilots and copilots. The viewers can be located on remote networks with limited networking capability. EnSight Lite does not have this capability.

Right Click Custom User Interface

Standard EnSight allows a significant amount of customization that can be tied to a “right click” event. This customized right click capability is not available in EnSight Lite.

EnSight Standard can compute several new part types that Lite can not. Specifically:

Profile Parts		A profile visualizes values of a variable along a 1D part by creating a new Profile part. See User Manual, Section 7.13, Profile Create/Update
Elevated Surface Parts		An elevated surface visualizes the values of a 2D part by projecting the 2D part in the surface normal direction proportionally to the variable values. See User Manual, Section 7.14, Elevated Surface Create/Update
Vortex Cores		A vortex core visualizes the centers of swirling flow in a flow field by examining the velocity gradient tensor. See User Manual, Section 7.15, Vortex Core Create/Update
Shock Surfaces/Region		A shock surface/region visualizes shock waves in a 3D flow field characterized by an abrupt increase in density, energy, and pressure gradients and decrease in the velocity gradient. See User Manual, Section 7.16, Shock Surface/Region Create/Update

Separation/ Attachment Lines		Separation/Attachment lines exist on 2D surfaces where flow abruptly leaves or returns to the surface in a 3D flow field. See User Manual, Section 7.17, Separation/Attachment Lines Create/Update
Material interfaces/regions		A material interface/region visualizes the boundary or region of a material given a material fraction on a per element basis. See User Manual, Section 7.19, Material Parts Create/Update
Tensor glyphs		A tensor glyph visualizes a tensor eigenvector tension/compression and direction. See User Manual, Section 7.21, Tensor Glyph Parts Create/Update